CVM UNIVERSITY

M. Sc. (ORGANIC CHEMISTRY) SEMESTER-I EXAMINATION—2021 Friday, 26^{th} February — 2021

10:00 AM to 12:00 PM

PAPER CODE: 101330103 PAPER NAME: Topics in Physical Chemistry - I **Total Marks: 60**

N.B.: (i)	Attemp	t all questions.				
	100	to the right indicate marks.				
Que. 1		Choose correct answer of the following questions.				
	1.	Which of the following is an inte	of the following is an intensive property?			
		(A) Temperature	(B) Surface tension			
		(C) Viscosity	(D) All of these			
	2.	The ionic strength of a solution of	th of a solution of molality C_i and valency of the ion Z_i			
		is				
		$(A) I = \frac{1}{2} C_i Z_i^2$	(B) $I = \frac{1}{2} \sum C_i Z_i^2$			
		2	2			
		$(C) I = \frac{1}{2} \sum Z_i^2$	(D) $I = \sum C_i Z_i^2$			
	3.	The rate of a chemical reaction to	ells us about			
		(A) the reactants taking part in the reaction				
		(B) the products formed in the re	action			
		(C) how slow or fast the reaction	is taking place			
		(D) none of the above				
	4.		y a first-order reaction starting initially			
		* *	00min, [A] becomes 0.15M. For this			
		reaction t _{1/2} is				
		(A) 53.51 min	(B) 43.11 min			
	_	(C) 37.12 min	(D) 24.35 min			
	5.	An electrochemical cell is also c	alled			
		(A) battery cell				
		(B) chargeable cell				
		(C) Cell				
	6	(D) galvanic cell Exchange current density does n	ot depend on			
	6.	(A) chemical composition of the				
		(B) surface roughness	ciotiode material			
		(C) surface area of the electrode				
		(D) volume of the electrolyte				
	7.	and the second of the second o	ng surfactants into a liquid composed of			
		two immiscible phases such as o				
		(A) Reduction in the interfacial t				
		(B) Increase in the interfacial ter				
		(C) Catalysation of a chemical re	<u>-</u>			
		(D) Nothing happens				

	8.	At CMC (critical micelle concentration) the surface molecules							
		(A) become bigger in size due to adsorption							
		(B) associate							
		(C) become small	er in size dı	ie to decompo	sition				
		(D) dissociate							
Que. 1	(B)								
	1.	If two properties (out of P,V,T) of a gas are known, the third can be							
		evaluated. True or False?							
	2.								
		(Temperature, Pressure, Volume).							
	3.	The unit of first order rate constant is							
	4.	As temperature is increased, the rate of chemical reaction							
		(Decreases, Increases, Constant)							
	5.	Electrolysis is the passage of electricity through a liquid or a solution							
		accompanied by a (physical/chemical) change.							
	6.	One Faraday is equivalent to Coulombs.							
	7.	surfactants are often sensitive to pH and will behave as							
		anionic or cationic based on pH. (Zwitterionic, Nonionic, Cationic).							
	8. The hydrophilic moiety may be anionic, cationic, ampholytic, or non-								
		ionic not dependi	ng on the	type of charg	e(s) carried, i	f any. True or			
		False?					[12]		
Que. 2	Atte	tempt any SIX from the following in short.							
	1.	Differentiate the i							
	2.	For oxygen "P" a	nd "f" valu	ies at 0 °C are	;				
		P (atm)	50	100	200	400			
		f (atm)	48	92.5	174	378			
		Calculate the ΔF			°C from 50 to	200 atm. under			
		the ideal and non-ideal condition.							
	3.	The rate constant of one reaction is 1×10^{-4} min ⁻¹ at 27 °C and 2×10^{-4}							
		min ⁻¹ at 37 °C. Calculate the activation energy of this reaction.							
	4.	Prove that for tri-molecular reaction the activation energy is negative. Discuss the Bockris-Devanathan-Muller model for the EDL at the							
	5.					CDI at the			
				athan-Muller		e EDL at the			
		metal/solution int	erface.		model for th				
	6.	metal/solution int Explain the ion-so	erface. olvent intera	action at electr	model for the				
		metal/solution int Explain the ion-so For glass capillar	erface. olvent intera y, mercury	action at electridoes not wet	model for the				
	6. 7.	metal/solution int Explain the ion-so For glass capillar does wet the glass	erface. olvent intera y, mercury s surface. Ex	action at electr does not wet xplain briefly.	model for the	ce, while water			
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the positive and negative deviation along with their properties. What is integrated rate law? Discuss the integrated rate law for first [08] Que. 4 order and second order reaction along with their characteristics. OR a) A reaction follows the first order reaction rate law. The rate constant Que. 4 of the reaction is $8.2 \times 10^{-4} \, \text{min}^{-1}$ at 45 °C. Calculate the time for; (i) the reaction to decrease the concentration of reactant from 0.02M to 0.008M, (ii) 75% reaction having the initial concentration is 10 M, (iii) Half reaction. b) The half-life for a first order reaction is 32 sec. What was the original concentration if after 2.0 minutes, the reactant concentration is 0.062 M. What is overvoltage? Discuss the types of overvoltage and factors Que. 5 affecting on overvoltage. OR Discuss the Tafel plot and derive the Tafel equations for cathodic and [08]Que. 5 anodic polarization. What is Critical Micelles Concentration (CMC)? Explain various phases [08] Que. 6 of CMC curve. Discuss the factors affecting to the critical micelles concentration. OR What is an ionic liquid? Give two examples of ionic liquids with Que. 6 chemical structures. Discuss the properties and applications of ionic liquids.
